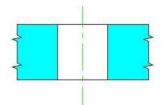


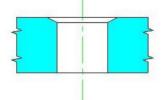
KEENSERTS® Studs Installation, Removal & Broach

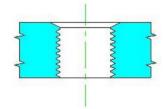
One-piece KEENSERTS® studs are supplied with KEES pre-assembled into dove-tailed slots at the factory, to eliminate the problems of selecting, stocking and assembling separate parts. The pre-positioned keys automatically set the stud at the proper depth below the surface of the parent material. Unlike conventional studs, there is no need to maintain critical depth tolerances — no chance of inadequate locking or deformation of internal threads due to miscalculations of depth. For critical edge distance applications, please consult our Customer Applications Engineers.

Stud Installation

- 1. Drill with a standard drill, as listed for each part number.
- 2. Countersink with a standard countersink (82° to 100°).
- 3. Tap with a standard Unified Thread Series tap.
- 4. Screw in stud with fingers or installation tool. Stud is designed to stop at the correct depth below the surface of the casting.
- 5. Using the installation tool, drive in the KEES. The tool may be used with a hammer or held in an arbor press. The correct stud tool is tabulated with each type of stud in this catalog.





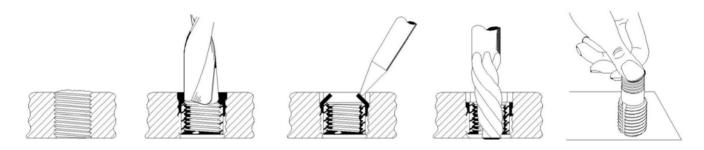




KEENSERTS® Studs Installation, Removal & Broach (Cont'd)

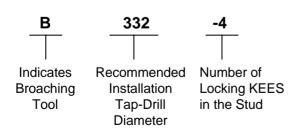
Stud Removal

- 1. Cut off the nut end at a point just above the surface.
- 2. Use standard drill and depth as listed for applicable stud, and drill to remove material between KEES.
- 3. Deflect KEES inward and break off.
- 4. Remove studs with E-Z Out type tool.
- 5. An identical stud can now be installed in the original hole. No re-work of the hole will be necessary.



Broaching Tool

Broaching Tools are coded in the following manner:





Note: The smallest tap drill diameter for which broaching tools can be made is .213. Consult AFS Customer Applications Engineers for metric broaching tool information.